Declaration on Corporate Governance, Corporate Governance Report

The declaration on corporate governance pursuant to Section 289 f and Section 315 d of the German Commercial Code (HGB) has been combined for Daimler AG and the Daimler Group as well as with the Corporate Governance Report. The following statements thus apply to Daimler AG and the Daimler Group insofar as not otherwise stated. The declaration on corporate governance, which is combined with the corporate governance report, can also be viewed on the Internet at daimler.com/dai/gcgc. Pursuant to Section 317 Subsection 2 Sentence 6 of the German Commercial Code (HGB), the purpose of the audit of the contents of the statements pursuant to Section 289 f Subsections 2 and 5 and Section 315 d of the HGB is limited to determining whether such statements have actually been provided.

Declaration by the Board of Management and Supervisory Board of Daimler AG pursuant to Section 161 of the German Stock Corporation Act (AktG) regarding the German Corporate Governance Code

Daimler AG satisfies the recommendations of the German Corporate Governance Code published in the official section of the German Federal Gazette on April 24, 2017 in the Code version dated February 7, 2017, with the exception of Clause 3.8 Paragraph 3 (D & O insurance deductible for the Supervisory Board) and will continue to observe the recommendations with the aforesaid deviation. Since the issuance of the last compliance declaration in December 2016, Daimler AG has observed the recommendations of the German Corporate Governance Code in the version dated May 5, 2015, published on June 12, 2015, with the aforementioned exception as well as with a deviation from Clause 5.4.1 Paragraph 2 (Specific objectives for the composition of the Supervisory Board) declared as a precautionary measure.

D&O insurance deductible for the Supervisory Board (Clause 3.8, Paragraph 3)

As in previous years, the Directors' & Officers' liability insurance (D&O insurance) also contains a provision for a deductible for the members of the Supervisory Board, which is appropriate in the view of Daimler AG. However, this deductible does not correspond to the legally required deductible for members of the Board of Management in the amount of at least 10% of the damage up to at least one and a half of the fixed annual remuneration. Since the remuneration structure of the Supervisory Board is limited to function-related fixed remuneration without performance bonus components, setting a deductible for Supervisory Board members in the amount of 1.5 times the fixed annual remuneration would have a disproportionate eco-

nomic impact when compared with the members of the Board of Management, whose compensation consists of fixed and performance bonus components.

The deviation from Clause 5.4.1 Paragraph 2, declared as precautionary measure in the compliance declaration dated December 2016, namely the specific objectives for the composition of the Supervisory Board has ceased to apply from December 2017. The Supervisory Board has set a target objective for its composition regarding the number of independent members of the Supervisory Board and in consideration of potential conflicts of interest no longer to the appointments for the shareholders' side only, but in the light of the German Co-Determination Act also for the entire Supervisory Board.

Stuttgart, December 2017

For the Supervisory Board

Dr. Manfred Bischoff Chairman For the Board of Management Dr. Dieter Zetsche Chairman

This declaration and previous, no longer applicable, declarations of compliance from the past five years are also available at our website at daimler.com/dai/gcgc.

The main principles applied in our corporate governance

German Corporate Governance Code

Beyond the legal requirements of German securities, codetermination and capital market legislation, Daimler AG has followed and continues to follow the recommendations of the German Corporate Covernance Code ("Code") with the exceptions disclosed and justified in the declaration of compliance. Daimler AG has also followed and continues to follow the suggestions of the Code with just one exception: Deviating from the suggestion in Clause 2.3.3, which stipulates that companies should enable shareholders to view the Shareholders' Meeting with modern communications media such as the Internet, the Shareholders' Meeting is not transmitted in its entirety on the Internet, but only until the end of the report by the Board of Management, in order to protect the character of the Shareholders' Meeting as a meeting attended by our shareholders in person. An additional factor is that continuing the broadcast after that point, in particular broadcasting comments made by individual shareholders, could impair the discussion between shareholders and management.

The principles guiding our conduct

Our business conduct is based on Group-wide standards that go beyond the requirements of relevant legislation and the German Corporate Governance Code. These standards are based on the four corporate values integrity, respect, passion and discipline. In order to achieve viable and thus sustainable business success on this basis, our goal is to ensure that our activities are in harmony with the environment and society. This is due to the fact that we as one of the world's leading automakers also strive to be a leader in sustainability. We have defined the most important principles in our Integrity Code, which serves as a frame of reference for compliant and ethical conduct in everyday activities for all employees at Daimler AG and the Group.

Integrity Code

Our Integrity Code is based on a shared understanding of values, which we developed together with our employees. The Code defines our principles of behavior in daily business. This applies to interpersonal conduct within the company as well as conduct toward customers and business partners. The key principles here include fairness and responsibility on the basis of compliance with applicable laws. In addition to general principles of behavior, the Code includes requirements and regulations concerning respect for and the protection of human rights and the handling of conflicts of interest. It also prohibits all forms of corruption. The Integrity Code applies to all employees at Daimler AG and the Group. The Integrity Code is available on the Internet at \(\pm\) daimler.com/dai/caag.

We have also reached agreement on "Principles of Social Responsibility" with the World Employee Committee. These principles apply throughout Daimler AG and the entire Group. In the Principles of Social Responsibility, Daimler commits itself to the principles of the UN Global Compact and thus to internationally recognized human and workers' rights, the proscription of child labor and forced labor, freedom of association and sustainable protection of the environment. Daimler also commits itself to guaranteeing equal opportunities and adhering to the principle of "equal pay for equal work."

Expectations for our business partners

We also require our business partners to adhere to compliance stipulations because we regard our business partners' integrity and behavior in conformity with regulations as an indispensable prerequisite for trusting cooperation. When selecting our direct business partners, we therefore pay close attention that they comply with the law, follow ethical principles and do the same themselves towards other partners in the supply chain. For the expectations we place on our business partners, see also admiler.com/sus/obr.

Risk management at the Group

Daimler has a risk management system commensurate with its size and position as a company with global operations, opages 155 ff of the Annual Report 2017. The risk management system is one component of the overall planning, controlling and reporting process. Its goal is to enable the company's management to recognize significant risks at an early stage and to initiate appropriate countermeasures in a timely manner. At least once a year, the Audit Committee discusses the effectiveness and functionality of the risk management system with the Board of Management. The Chairman of the Audit Committee reports to the Supervisory Board on the committee's work at the latest in the meeting of the Supervisory Board following each committee meeting. The Supervisory Board also deals with the risk management system on the occasion of the approval of the operational planning and the audit of the annual company and consolidated financial statements. In addition, the Board of Management regularly informs the Audit Committee and the Supervisory Board of the most important risks facing the company and the Group as a whole. The Chairman of the Supervisory Board has regular contacts between Supervisory Board meetings with the Board of Management, and in particular with the Chairman of the Board of Management, to discuss not only the Group's strategy and business development but also the issue of risk management. The Internal Auditing department monitors adherence to the legal framework and to Group standards by means of targeted audits and initiates appropriate actions as required.

Accounting and the external audit

Daimler prepares its consolidated financial statements and interim financial reports in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), as adopted by the European Union. The annual financial statements of Daimler AG are prepared in accordance with the accounting standards of the German Commercial Code (HGB). Daimler prepares both half-yearly and quarterly financial reports. The annual financial statements and consolidated financial statements of Daimler AG are audited by the external auditor; interim financial reports are also reviewed by an external auditor. The consolidated financial statements and the Group management report shall be made publicly accessible via the Company's website within 90 days from the end of the reporting year; the interim financial reports shall be made publicly accessible in the same manner within 45 days from the end of the reporting period.

Based on the recommendation of the Audit Committee, the Supervisory Board submits a decision proposal to the Shareholders' Meeting for the election of the external auditors for the annual financial statements, the external auditors for the consolidated financial statements and the auditors for the external auditors' review of interim financial reports. At the Shareholders' Meeting on March 29, 2017, KPMG AG Wirtschaftsprüfungsgesellschaft, Berlin was elected to conduct

the audit of the annual financial statements and the consolidated financial statements, and the external auditors' review of interim financial reports, for the financial year 2017, as well as the external auditors' review of interim financial reports for the financial year 2018 in the period leading up to the Shareholders' Meeting in 2018. Since 2014, the responsible auditor commissioned to carry out the external audit has been Dr. Axel Thümler. KPMG AG Wirtschaftsprüfungsgesellschaft has been conducting the audit of the annual financial statements and the annual consolidated financial statements of Daimler AG since the 1998 financial year.

Prior to issuing its recommendation to the Shareholders' Meeting, the Audit Committee of the Supervisory Board obtained a declaration from the external auditor under consideration. The external auditor was requested to state whether any business, financial, personal or other relationships existed between the external auditor and its bodies and audit managers on the one hand, and the Company and the members of its bodies on the other, which could justify concerns regarding a conflict of interest. Further, the external auditor was asked to describe the nature of any such relationships that may have in fact existed. This statement also described the extent to which other services were performed for the Daimler Group in the previous year or had been contractually agreed upon for the following vear.

The Audit Committee instructed the external auditor to immediately inform the Committee Chairman of any indications of partiality or grounds for exclusion uncovered during the audit or the auditors' review of interim financial statements, and of all key findings and events relevant to the tasks of the Supervisory Board, particularly findings or events related to suspected irregularities in accounting. The Audit Committee also reached an agreement with the external auditor stipulating that the external auditor would inform the Audit Committee, and make a note in the audit report, of any facts uncovered during the annual audit that would reveal inaccuracies in the Board of Management's and the Supervisory Board's declaration of compliance with the German Corporate Governance Code.

Composition and mode of operation of the Board of Management 7 D.01

Daimler AG is obliged by the German Stock Corporation Act (AktG) to apply a dual management system featuring strict personal and functional separation between the Board of Management and the Supervisory Board (two-tier board). Accordingly, the Board of Management manages the company while the Supervisory Board monitors and advises the Board of Management.

Board of Management

In accordance with the Articles of Incorporation of Daimler AG, the Board of Management has at least two members. The precise number of Board of Management members is determined by the Supervisory Board. The Board of Management had eight members on December 31, 2017. In accordance with the German law requiring equal participation of women and men in executive positions, the Supervisory Board has defined a target for the proportion of women on the Board of Management and a deadline for achieving this target. The details are described in a separate section: • page 209. With regard to the composition of the Board of Management, the Supervisory Board has

also adopted a diversity concept that is embedded in an overall requirements profile. The details of this concept are also described in a separate section: • page 210.

Information on the areas of responsibility and the curricula vitae of the Board of Management members are posted on the Daimler AG website at daimler.com/dai/bom. The members of the Board of Management and their areas of responsibility are also listed on pages 62 f of the Annual Report 2017.

The Board of Management manages Daimler AG and the Daimler Group. With the consent of the Supervisory Board, the Board of Management determines the Group's strategic focus, defines the corporate goals, and makes decisions concerning operational planning issues. The members of the Board of Management are bound to the interests of the Company and share responsibility for managing the Group's entire business.

Irrespective of this overall responsibility, the individual members of the Board of Management manage their allocated areas on their own responsibility and within the framework of the instructions approved by the entire Board of Management. Specific issues defined by the Board of Management as a whole are dealt with by the Board as a whole, which must approve all related decisions. The Chairman of the Board of Management coordinates the work of the Board of Management.



The Board of Management prepares the consolidated interim reports, the annual company financial statements of Daimler AG, the annual consolidated financial statements, and the combined management report of the Company and the Group, as well as the separate combined non-financial report produced for Daimler AG and the Group. It ensures that the provisions of applicable law, official regulations and the Group's internal guidelines are adhered to, and works to make sure that the companies of the Group comply with those rules and regulations. The Board of Management has also established an adequate compliance management system that takes into account the Company's risk situation. The main features of this system are described on opages 229 ff. of the Annual Report 2017. Such features include the Company's whistleblower system, the BPO (Business Practices Office), which enables Daimler employees and external whistleblowers to report misconduct anywhere in the world. The tasks of the Board of Management also include establishing and monitoring an appropriate and efficient risk management system.

For certain types of transactions of fundamental importance as defined by the Supervisory Board, the Board of Management requires the prior consent of the Supervisory Board. At regular intervals, the Board of Management reports to the Supervisory Board on corporate strategy, corporate planning, profitability, business development and the situation of the Group, as well as on the internal control system, the risk management system and the compliance management system. The Supervisory Board has specified the information and reporting duties of the Board of Management.

The Board of Management has also given itself a set of rules of procedure, which can be seen on our website at

daimler.com/dai/rop. Those rules describe, for example, the procedure to be observed when passing resolutions and ways to avoid conflicts of interest.

CASE Steering Committee

The Board of Management has formed a Steering Committee consisting of Board of Management members to address the future-oriented CASE topics of connectivity (Connected), driverless driving (Autonomous), flexible use and services (Shared & Services) and electric drive systems (Electric). The responsibilities of the Board of Management as a whole, in particular those regarding the catalog of issues that require its approval, as well as the areas of responsibility of individual Board members, remain unchanged despite the creation of the Committee.

The Steering Committee consists of the Chairman of the Board of Management, who is also responsible for Mercedes-Benz Cars, as well as the members of the Board of Management responsible for Finance & Controlling/Daimler Financial Services, Mercedes-Benz Cars Marketing & Sales and Group Research & Mercedes-Benz Cars Development. The Chairman of the Board of Management is also the Chairman of the Steering Committee. In line with the Committee's structure as described above, the members of the Steering Committee on December 31, 2017, were Dr. Dieter Zetsche (Chairman), Bodo Uebber, Britta Seeger and Ola Källenius.

Within the framework of the strategic approach adopted by the Board of Management, the Steering Committee defines the

management model and the strategic guidelines for CASE. The Board of Management has defined rules of procedure for the Steering Committee. The Committee can make changes to these rules on its own authority, provided such changes do not affect the steering model.

Along with the composition of the Steering Committee, the responsibilities of its Chairman, the responsibility for the rules of procedure and the options available for establishing other CASE bodies below the Steering Committee, the rules of procedure of the Steering Committee also define the structure and format of Committee meetings and the adoption of resolutions, as well as the rules on reporting to the Board of Management of Daimler AG.

Diversity

Diversity management has been part of the corporate strategy of Daimler since 2005. We rely on the diversity of our employees and the differences between them because such differences form the foundation of an effective and successful company. The aim of our activities is to bring together the right people to tackle our challenges, create a work culture that promotes the performance, motivation and satisfaction of our employees and managers, and help attract new target groups to our products and services. Our activities for shaping diversity at Daimler focus on three areas: best mix, work culture and customer interaction. With our measures, activities and initiatives for everything from training formats for employees and managers to workshops, conferences, guidelines and target group-specific communication and awareness-raising measures, our diversity management system makes a major contribution to the further development of our corporate culture.

Targeted support for women on the basis of the best-mix principle was a central component of our diversity management activities even before the legislation on the equal participation of women and men in management positions went into effect. Such support has also included and continues to include flexible working-time arrangements, company nurseries and special mentoring programs for women. To meet the new legal requirements, the Board of Management has defined targets for the proportion of women at the two management levels below the Board of Management and a deadline for achieving those targets. The details are described in a separate section. Independently of the legal requirements, Daimler continues to affirm the goal it already set itself in 2006 of increasing the proportion of women in executive positions at the Group to 20% by 2020. At the end of 2017, this proportion amounted to 17.6% (2016: 16.7%).

Composition and mode of operation of the Supervisory Board and its committees

Supervisory Board

In accordance with the German Codetermination Act (MitbestG), the Supervisory Board of Daimler AG comprises 20 members. Half of them are elected by the shareholders at the Shareholders' Meeting. The other half comprises members who are elected by the Group's employees who work in Germany. The members representing the shareholders and the members representing the employees are equally obliged by law to act in the Company's best interests.

Information on major functions and curricula vitae of the members of the Supervisory Board aside from their positions on the Supervisory Board of Daimler AG are posted on our website at daimler.com/dai/sb and can also be found on pages 70 f of the Annual Report 2017.

The Supervisory Board is to be composed so that its members together are knowledgeable about the business sector in which the Company operates and also dispose of the knowledge, skills and specialist experience that are required for the proper execution of their tasks. According to the law on the equal participation of women and men in management positions, at least 30% of the members of the Supervisory Board of Daimler AG must be women and at least 30% must be men. The details are described in a separate section: O page 209. With regard to its composition on the basis of the further development of the existing catalog of criteria for selecting Supervisory Board candidates, and with consideration of the targets that have already been defined for the Supervisory Board's composition, the Supervisory Board has also created an overall requirements profile combining a skills profile and a diversity concept for the entire Supervisory Board. The details of the overall reguirements profile are also described in a separate section: opages 211 ff. Proposals by the Supervisory Board of candidates for election by the Shareholders' Meeting as members representing the shareholders of Daimler AG, for which the Nomination Committee makes recommendations, aim at fulfilling the overall requirements profile of the Supervisory Board as a whole.

The members of the Supervisory Board attend on their own responsibility courses of training and further training that might be necessary for the performance of their tasks and are supported by the Company in doing so. Such courses may address corporate governance, changes brought about by new legislation, or the launch of new products and pioneering technologies, for example. New members of the Supervisory Board are offered an "Onboarding" program that gives them the opportunity to exchange views with members of the Board of Management and other executives on current issues related to the various areas of responsibility of the Board of Management, and thus obtain an overview of important topics at the Company.

The Supervisory Board monitors and advises the Board of Management with regard to its management of the Company. At regular intervals, the Board of Management reports to the Supervisory Board on corporate strategy, corporate planning, revenue development, profitability, business development and the situation of the Group, as well as on the internal control system, the risk management system and the compliance management system. The Supervisory Board has retained the right of approval for transactions of fundamental importance. Furthermore, the Supervisory Board has specified the information and reporting duties of the Board of Management to the Supervisory Board, to the Audit Committee and — between the meetings of the Supervisory Board — to the Chairman of the Supervisory Board.

The Supervisory Board's duties include appointing and recalling the members of the Board of Management. Initial appointments are usually made for a period of three years. In accordance with the German law requiring equal participation of women and men in executive positions, the Supervisory Board has defined a target for the proportion of women on the Board of Management and a deadline for achieving this target. The

details are described in a separate section:
opage 209. With regard to the composition of the Board of Management, the Supervisory Board has also adopted a diversity concept that is embedded in an overall requirements profile. The details of this concept are also described in a separate section:
opage 210.

The Supervisory Board decides on the system of remuneration for the Board of Management, reviews it regularly and determines the total individual remuneration of each member of the Board of Management with consideration of the ratio of Board of Management remuneration to the remuneration of the senior executives and the workforce as a whole, also with regard to development over time. For this comparison, the Supervisory Board has defined the senior executives by applying Daimler's internal terminology for the hierarchical levels and has defined the workforce of Daimler AG in Germany as the relevant workforce. Variable components of remuneration are generally based on an assessment period that lasts several years and is essentially future-oriented. Multi-year variable remuneration components are not paid out until they come due. The Supervisory Board has set upper limits for the individual Board of Management remuneration in total and with regard to its variable components. Further information on Board of Management remuneration can be found in the Remuneration Report on opages 136 ff of the Annual Report 2017.

The Supervisory Board reviews the annual financial statements, the annual consolidated financial statements and the combined management report of the Company and the Group, as well as the proposal for the appropriation of distributable profits. Following discussions with the external auditors and taking into consideration the audit reports of the external auditors and the results of the review by the Audit Committee, the Supervisory Board states whether, after the final results of its own review, any objections are to be raised. If that is not the case, the Supervisory Board approves the financial statements and the combined management report. Upon being approved, the annual financial statements are adopted. The Supervisory Board reports to the Shareholders' Meeting on the results of its own review and on the manner and scope of its supervision of the Board of Management during the previous financial year. The Report of the Supervisory Board for the year 2017 is available on opages 64 ff of the Annual Report 2017 and on the Internet at @ daimler.com/dai/sb.

For financial year 2017, Daimler AG produced for the first time a separate combined non-financial report for the Company and the Group in accordance with the requirements of legislation for implementing an EU CSR directive in Germany. The Supervisory Board commissioned an external audit of this non-financial report within the framework of a limited assurance engagement and then approved the report after consulting with the external auditor and examining the report itself.

The Supervisory Board has given itself a set of rules of procedure, which regulate not only its duties and responsibilities and the personal requirements placed upon its members, but above all the convening and preparation of its meetings and the procedure of passing resolutions. The rules of procedure of the Supervisory Board can be viewed on our website at daimler.com/dai/rop

Meetings of the Supervisory Board are regularly prepared in separate discussions of the members representing the employees and of the members representing the shareholders with the members of the Board of Management. Each Supervisory Board meeting included a so-called executive session for discussions of the Supervisory Board in the absence of the members of the Board of Management. The Supervisory Board members can also take part in the meetings by means of conference calls or video conferences. However, this is generally not the case.

The Supervisory Board has formed four committees, which perform to the extent legally permissible the tasks assigned to them in the name of and on behalf of the entire Supervisory Board. The committee chairpersons report to the entire Supervisory Board on the committees' work at the latest in the meeting of the Supervisory Board following each committee meeting. The Supervisory Board has issued rules of procedure for each of its committees. Those rules of procedure can be viewed on our website at dimler.com/dai/rop. Information on the current composition of these committees can be viewed at dimler.com/dai/sbc and is also available on page 71 of the Annual Report 2017.

Presidential Committee

The Presidential Committee is composed of the Chairman of the Supervisory Board, his Deputy, and two other members, who are elected by a majority of the votes cast on the relevant resolution of the Supervisory Board.

The Presidential Committee makes recommendations to the Supervisory Board on the appointment of members of the Board of Management, whereby it takes into account the overall requirements profile it has defined, including the diversity concept, for the position to be filled, as well as the Supervisory Board's target for the proportion of women on the Board of Management. It submits proposals to the Supervisory Board on the design of the remuneration system for the Board of Management and on the appropriate total individual remuneration of its members. In this context, it follows the relevant recommendations of the German Corporate Governance Code. The Presidential Committee is also responsible for the Board of Management members' contractual affairs. In addition, it decides on the granting of approval for sideline activities of the members of the Board of Management, reports to the Supervisory Board regularly and without delay on consents it has issued, and once a year submits to the Supervisory Board for its approval a complete list of the sideline activities of each member of the Board of Management.

In addition, the Presidential Committee decides on questions of corporate governance, on which it also makes recommendations to the Supervisory Board. It supports and advises the Chairman of the Supervisory Board and his Deputy and prepares the meetings of the Supervisory Board within the limits of its responsibilities.

Nomination Committee

The Nomination Committee is composed of at least three members, who are elected by a majority of the votes cast by the members of the Supervisory Board representing the shareholders. It is the only Supervisory Board Committee consisting solely of members representing the shareholders and makes recommendations to the Supervisory Board concerning per-

sons to be proposed for election as members of the Supervisory Board representing the shareholders at the Shareholders' Meeting. In doing so, the Nomination Committee takes into consideration the requirements of the German law regulating equal participation of women and men in executive positions, the recommendations of the German Corporate Governance Code and the specific goals that the Supervisory Board has set for its own composition. The recommendations made by the Nomination Committee aim at fulfilling the overall requirements profile — including the skills profile for the entire Supervisory Board.

Audit Committee

The Audit Committee is composed of four members, who are elected by a majority of the votes cast on the relevant resolution of the Supervisory Board. The Chairman of the Supervisory Board is not simultaneously the Chairman or a member of the Audit Committee. The Chairman of the Supervisory Board attends the meetings of the Audit Committee as a guest.

Both the Chairman of the Audit Committee, Dr. Clemens Börsig, and the other shareholder representative on the Audit Committee, Joe Kaeser, fulfill the criteria for independence and have expertise in the field of accounting, as well as special knowledge and experience with regard to auditing and methods of internal control. Due to his work at Robert Bosch GmbH and his long-standing membership of the Supervisory Board of Daimler AG, Dr. Clemens Börsig is furthermore very familiar with the automotive industry.

The Audit Committee deals with the supervision of the accounting and its process as well as with the annual external audit. At least once a year, it discusses with the Board of Management the effectiveness and functionality of the risk management system, the internal control and auditing system and the compliance management system. It regularly receives reports on the work of the Internal Auditing department and the Compliance Organization. At least four times a year, the Audit Committee receives a report from the whistleblower system BPO (Business Practices Office) on complaints and information about any breaches of regulations or guidelines by high-level executives, as well as violations by other employees of the regulations in a defined catalog of legal provisions. It regularly receives information about the handling of these complaints and notifications.

The Audit Committee discusses with the Board of Management the interim reports before they are published. On the basis of the report of the external auditors, the Audit Committee reviews the annual company financial statements and the annual consolidated financial statements, as well as the management report of the Company and the Group, and discusses them with the external auditors. The Audit Committee makes a proposal to the Supervisory Board on the adoption of the annual company financial statements of Daimler AG, on the approval of the annual consolidated financial statements, and on the appropriation of profits. The Committee also makes recommendations for the Supervisor Board's proposal on the election of external auditors, assesses those auditors' suitability, qualifications and independence, and, after the external auditors are elected by the Shareholders' Meeting, it engages them to conduct the audit of the annual company and consolidated financial statements and to review the interim reports, negotiates an audit fee, and determines the focus of the annual audit. The

external auditors report to the Audit Committee on all accounting matters that might be regarded as critical and on any material weaknesses of the internal control and risk management system with regard to accounting that might be discovered during the audit.

Finally, the Audit Committee approves permitted services that are not directly related to the annual audit and which are provided by the firm of external auditors or its affiliates to Daimler AG or to companies of the Daimler Group.

Mediation Committee

The Mediation Committee is composed of the Chairman of the Supervisory Board and his Deputy, as well as one member of the Supervisory Board representing the employees and one member elected with the majority of the votes cast of the Supervisory Board members representing the shareholders. It is formed solely to perform the functions laid down in Section 31 Subsection 3 of the German Codetermination Act (MitbestG). Accordingly, the Mediation Committee has the task of making proposals on the appointment of members of the Board of Management if in the first vote the majority required for the appointment of a Board of Management member of two thirds of the members of the Supervisory Board is not achieved. As in previous years, the Mediation Committee did not have to take any action in 2017.

Germany's law on the equal participation of women and men in executive positions

In accordance with the German law requiring equal participation of women and men in executive positions in both the private and the public sector, the supervisory boards of listed companies or companies subject to Germany's system of codetermination have to set a target for the proportion of women on the board of management. The board of management of such a company has to set a target for the proportion of women at the two management levels below that of the board of management. If the proportions of women at the time when these targets are set by the Board of Management and the Supervisory Board are below 30%, the targets may not be lower than the proportions already reached. At the same time that the targets are set, the boards have to set periods for their achievement, which may not be longer than five years.

On December 8, 2016, the Supervisory Board passed a resolution stipulating that the target figure for the proportion of women on the Board of Management of Daimler AG would be 12.5%, while the deadline would be December 31, 2020. As of December 31, 2017, the eight-member Board of Management included two women, Renata Jungo Brüngger and Britta Seeger. This means that women account for 25% of the Board of Management members.

On November 8, 2016, the Board of Management passed a resolution stipulating a target of 15% women for both the first and second management levels below the Board of Management, with a deadline of December 31, 2020. At the time of the resolution, the proportion of women in the first and second management levels below the Board of Management was 8.0% and 12.4% respectively. As of December 31, 2017, the proportion of women at the first management level below the Board of Management was 8.7%, at the second level it was 11.9%.

Since 2016, listed companies that have supervisory boards in which shareholders and employees are equally represented are required to have a proportion of at least 30% women and 30% men. This requirement has to be fulfilled by the Supervisory Board as a whole. If the side of the Supervisory Board representing the shareholders or the side representing the employees objects to the Chairman of the Supervisory Board about the application of the ratio to the entire Supervisory Board before the election, the minimum ratio is to apply separately to the shareholders' side and to the employees' side for that election.

On December 31, 2017, 30% of the shareholder representatives in the Supervisory Board of Daimler AG were women (Sari Baldauf, Andrea Jung and Petraea Heynike), while 70% were men. On that date, 20% of the employee representatives on the Supervisory Board were women (Elke Tönjes-Werner and Sibylle Wankel), while 80% were men. In its meeting on December 7, 2017, the Supervisory Board considered its nominations for the election at the Shareholders' Meeting 2018 and came to the conclusion that the shareholders and employee representatives should achieve the legally required share of women board members separately. Before this background the shareholder representatives declared that they object to the Supervisory Board's joint fulfillment of the legally required gender ratio. Thereafter, based on the recommendation of the Nomination Committee, the Supervisory Board decided to nominate Sari Baldauf as well as Dr. Jürgen Hambrecht again and Marie Wieck for the first time for election to the Supervisory Board by the Shareholders' Meeting in 2018. The legally required gender ratio will be met on the shareholder representatives' side if these persons are elected to the Supervisory Board, provided that no other changes occur. The next election of employee representatives to the Supervisory Board will also take place in 2018.

Along with Daimler AG itself, there are other Group companies subject to codetermination law. These companies have defined their own targets for the proportion of women on their supervisory boards, executive management bodies and the two levels below the board or executive management level, and have also set deadlines for target achievement. Relevant information here has been published in accordance with applicable law.

Overall requirements profiles for the composition of the Board of Management and the Supervisory Board

In terms of the composition of the Board of Management and the Supervisory Board, Daimler AG utilizes diversity concepts that focus on aspects such as age, gender, education and professional background. For this reason, the Company was required to describe these concepts in its declaration on corporate governance for the first time for financial year 2017, and to also explain the aims of the diversity concepts, the manner in which they are implemented and the results achieved with them in the financial year. The Supervisory Board has combined the diversity concepts with the requirements of the Ger-

man law regulating equal participation of women and men in executive positions and the specific targets for the composition of executive management bodies as defined by the recommendations of the German Corporate Governance Code. These combined requirements are presented in the overall requirements profiles for the composition of the Board of Management and the Supervisory Board described below. The requirements profiles also serve as the basis for long-term succession planning.

Board of Management

The requirements profile for the Board of Management of Daimler AG aims at a Board of Management as diverse, mutually supportive and effective as possible. The Board of Management as a whole should possess the knowledge, skills and experience required for the proper execution of its tasks and be composed of members whose varied personal backgrounds and experiences embody the desired management philosophy. Decisions regarding appointments to the Board of Management are always governed by the Company's interests under consideration of all circumstances in each individual case.

The requirements profile for the Board of Management includes in particular the following aspects, which are to be taken into account as far as possible when making decisions on appointments to the Board of Management:

- The members of the Board of Management should have different educational and professional backgrounds, whereby at least two members should have a technical background. With Dr. Dieter Zetsche and Wilfried Porth, the Board of Management currently has two members who are engineers. Bodo Uebber is an industrial engineer. Since taking over as Head of Group Research & Mercedes-Benz Cars Development on January 1, 2017, Ola Källenius has sustainably displayed the expertise he acquired in various technical management positions throughout the Company.
- In order to meet the requirements of the German law requiring equal participation of women and men in executive positions, the Supervisory Board defined on December 8, 2016, a target of 12.5% for the proportion of women on the Board of Management, with a deadline of December 31, 2020. This means that of the eight current members of the Board of Management, at least one member must be a woman. The Board of Management currently has two female members, Renata Jungo Brüngger and Britta Seeger. This means the proportion of women on the Board of Management is currently 25%.
- In accordance with the recommendations of the German Corporate Governance Code, the Supervisory Board has set an age limit for members of the Board of Management. As a rule, 62 years of age serves as orientation for age-related discharge. When it set this age limit, the Supervisory Board deliberately decided in favor of a flexible rule allowing the required scope for the appropriate assessment of the circumstances of each individual case. Seven of the eight Board of Management members are younger than the age limit. Dr. Dieter Zetsche was older than the age limit when he began his current term of office in January 2017. The Supervisory Board nevertheless reappointed Dr. Zetsche as Chairman of the Board of Management in recognition of his being primarily responsible for the Company's successful strategy and its im-

plementation. This decision was taken in the best interest of the Company in that it enables the continuation of leadership at the top executive level that is needed to ensure the sustained success of the Company.

- In addition, a sufficient generational mix among Board of Management members is to be taken into account in appointment decisions in the future, whereby if possible at least three members of the Board of Management should be 57 years of age or younger at the beginning of their respective term of office. Five members of the Board of Management – Renata Jungo Brüngger, Ola Källenius, Britta Seeger, Hubertus Troska and Bodo Uebber – currently meet this requirement.
- The composition of the Board of Management should also take into account internationality in the sense of varied cultural backgrounds or international experience through assignments abroad lasting several years, whereby if possible at least one member of the Board of Management should come from a country other than Germany. Irrespective of the many years of international experience of a large majority of members of the Board of Management, this target is currently overachieved due to the international origins of Renata Jungo Brüngger and Ola Källenius.
- The rules of procedure of the Board of Management stipulate that no member of the Board of Management is a member of more than three supervisory boards of listed companies outside the Daimler Group or of similar boards or committees at companies outside the Daimler Group that have comparable requirements. This stipulation has been met. The only listed company in which Hubertus Troska is a member of a supervisory board or similar board outside the Daimler Group is BAIC Motor Corporation Ltd. His other board memberships are at joint ventures that fall within his areas of responsibility.

The aspects described above are to be taken into consideration when making Board of Management appointments. On the basis of a target profile that takes into account specific qualification requirements and the above-mentioned criteria, the Presidential Committee creates a shortlist of available candidates whom it interviews. It then recommends a candidate to the Supervisory Board for its approval and includes an explanation of its recommendation. Decisions regarding appointments to the Board of Management are always governed by the Company's interests under consideration of all circumstances in each individual case.

Supervisory Board

In accordance with applicable law, the Supervisory Board is to be composed so that its members together are familiar with the business sector in which the Company operates.

The requirements profile for the Supervisory Board of Daimler AG aims at a Supervisory Board as diverse and mutually supportive as possible. The Supervisory Board as a whole must understand the Company's business model and also possess the knowledge, skills and experience needed to properly execute its task of supervising and advising the Board of Management, in particular specialized knowledge in the areas of finance, accounting, annual audits, risk management, methods of internal control and compliance. The members of the Super-

visory Board should complement one another with regard to their specialist knowledge and professional experience in such a manner as to ensure that the Supervisory Board can utilize the most broadly based wealth of experience and specific expertise possible when making decisions. The Supervisory Board also views the diversity of its members in terms of age, gender, internationality and other personal attributes as an important foundation for effective cooperation. The foundation for Supervisory Board decisions regarding election proposals to the Shareholders' Meeting is always the Company's interests under consideration of all circumstances in each individual case.

On the basis of the further development of the existing catalog of criteria for selecting Supervisory Board candidates, and with consideration of the targets that have already been defined for the Supervisory Board's composition, the requirements profile for the Supervisory Board includes the following aspects in particular:

- The members of the Supervisory Board should have different educational and professional backgrounds. At least five members should have completed a vocational technical training or education program or possess specific technological knowledge in fields such as information technology (including digitization), chemistry, mechanical engineering or electrical engineering. Decisions related to the composition of the Supervisory Board should also take into account the fact that it may be necessary to obtain new skills and knowledge in order to be able to address product and market developments. Irrespective of the specific knowledge acquired by many members of the Supervisory Board in the above-mentioned areas, Dr. Jürgen Hambrecht, Dr. Bernd Pischetsrieder and Dr. Frank Weber (two shareholder representatives and one employee representative) have related university degrees, while another five employee representatives have completed vocational training in the above-mentioned fields or similar areas.
- The gender composition of the Supervisory Board meets the requirements of Germany's law on the equal participation of women and men in executive positions, which stipulates that at least 30% of the members of the Supervisory Board must be women and at least 30% must be men. This quota has been binding for all new appointments since January 1, 2016. The Supervisory Board currently has three women who represent shareholders and two women who represent employees. The proportion of women is thus 30% among the shareholder representatives and 20% among the employee representatives. The next election of employee representatives to the Supervisory Board will take place in 2018.
- The rules of procedure of the Supervisory Board stipulate that candidates for election who are to hold the position for a full term of office should generally not be over the age of 72 at the time of the election. In specifying this age limit, the Supervisory Board has intentionally refrained from stipulating a strict upper age limit and instead decided in favor of a flexible general limit that leaves the scope to appropriately assess each individual case, keeps the range of potential Supervisory Board candidates sufficiently broad and allows reelection. In deciding to propose Dr. Manfred Bischoff for re-

election as a shareholder representative on the Supervisory Board to the Shareholders' Meeting in 2016, it used this scope after careful consideration and proper assessment. All other members of the Supervisory Board and the candidates Sari Baldauf, Dr. Jürgen Hambrecht and Marie Wieck to be proposed for election at the 2018 Shareholders' Meeting had not or will have not reached the age limit at the time of their election.

- A sufficient generational mix among Supervisory Board members is now also to be taken into account in appointment decisions. In the future, at least eight members of the Supervisory Board should be 62 years of age or younger at the time of their election or reelection. Among the current members of the Supervisory Board, all except Petrae Heynicke, Dr. Manfred Bischoff, Dr. Clemens Börsig, Dr. Jürgen Hambrecht and Dr. Bernd Pischetsrieder (i.e. 15 members) were 62 or younger at the time they were elected to their current term.
- In order to ensure sufficient internationality, for example by means of many years of international experience, the Supervisory Board has set a target of a proportion of at least 30% of international members representing the shareholders, and the resulting proportion of at least 15% of the entire Supervisory Board. Irrespective of the many years of international experience of a large majority of the shareholder representatives on the Supervisory Board, this target is currently significantly overachieved with 30% for the entire Supervisory Board due to the international origins of Bader Al Saad, Sari Baldauf, Petraea Heynike, Andrea Jung and Dr. Paul Achleitner on the shareholders' side (50%) and Valter Sanches on the employees' side.
- At least half of the members of the Supervisory Board representing the shareholders should have
 - neither an advisory nor a board function for a customer, supplier, creditor, or other third party,
 - · nor a business or personal relationship to the company or its boards

whose specific design could cause a conflict of interests.

Under the premise that the performance of Supervisory Board duties as an employee representative does not by itself constitute a potential conflict of interest as defined by the German Corporate Governance Code, the requirements described here shall also be met by at least 15 members of the Supervisory Board in the future.

As described in the report of the Supervisory Board on pages 64 ff of the Annual Report 2017, there were individual cases concerning three Supervisory Board members in particular situations during the reporting period where there might have been the appearance of a potential conflict of interest at the time a Board of Management report was submitted to the Supervisory Board. The Supervisory Board members in question in these cases refrained from being present during the presentation of a Board of Management report regarding the issue that might have been affected by a potential conflict of interest.

As a result, in the case of at least half of the shareholder representatives on the Supervisory Board and at least 15 mem-

bers of the entire Supervisory Board, there were no indications of a potential conflict of interest during the reporting period based on the premise described above. No actual instances of conflicts of interest were reported during financial year 2017.

- In order to ensure the independent advice to, and supervision of, the Board of Management by the Supervisory Board, the rules of procedure of the Supervisory Board stipulate that more than half of the members of the Supervisory Board representing the shareholders are to be independent as defined by the German Corporate Governance Code and that no person may be a member of the Supervisory Board who is a member of a board of, or advises, a significant competitor of the Daimler Group.

Under the premise that the performance of Supervisory Board duties as an employee representative does not by itself call into question the independence of such an employee representative as defined by the German Corporate Governance Code, at least 15 members of the Supervisory Board are also to be independent in the future. In addition, the Supervisory Board may not include more than two former members of the Board of Management of Daimler AG or anyone who is a member of a board of, or advises, a significant competitor of the Daimler Group.

Under the premise described above, there are, in the view of the Supervisory Board, at present no indications for any of the members of the Supervisory Board that relevant relationships or circumstances exist, in particular with the Company, members of the Board of Management or other Supervisory Board members, that could be construed as a substantial and permanent conflict of interest that would compromise their independence. No member of the Supervisory Board is a member of a board of, or advises, a significant competitor. With regard to Supervisory Board member Bader Al Saad, the Supervisory Board takes the view that his function as a member of the Executive Committee of the Board of Directors of Kuwait Investment Authority does not compromise his independence within the meaning of the German Corporate Governance Code. The German Corporate Governance Code does not contain a conclusive definition of independence but instead presents examples of circumstances that would call the independence of a Supervisory Board member into question. Within the meaning of the German Corporate Governance Code, a Supervisory Board member is to be considered non-independent if he or she has a personal or business relationship with the Company, its governing bodies, a controlling shareholder or a company affiliated with a controlling shareholder that may cause a substantial and not merely temporary conflict of interest. It is the responsibility of the Supervisory Board to evaluate the independence of its members on the basis of such criteria. The Kuwait Investment Authority is not a controlling shareholder of Daimler AG that could attain an effective majority at an Shareholders' Meeting. No other discernible circumstances exist that might call into question the independence of Bader Al Saad.

The Chairman of the Supervisory Board, Dr. Manfred Bischoff, is a former member of the Board of Management.

 The rules of procedure of the Supervisory Board also define a general time limit for Supervisory Board membership. As a result, only candidates who have not yet been members of the Supervisory Board for three full terms of office at the time of their election should generally be nominated for membership of the Supervisory Board for a full term of office. This general length of service on the Supervisory Board has not been exceeded by any current member, and the candidates Sari Baldauf, Dr. Jürgen Hambrecht and Marie Wieck nominated for election at the Shareholders' Meeting in 2018 also meet this requirement.

- Candidates for membership of the Supervisory Board and members of the Supervisory Board must have sufficient time available to perform their duties. They must also be willing and able to dedicate themselves to their tasks and participate in all courses of training and further training that might be necessary for the performance of their tasks. Prior to issuing its recommendations, the Supervisory Board determines whether the candidate in question will have sufficient time available to perform his or her duties on the Supervisory
- In order to ensure compliance with the associated recommendation in the German Corporate Governance Code, the rules of procedure already stipulate that no member of the Supervisory Board who is also a member of the board of management of a listed company may hold more than three memberships on supervisory boards of listed companies (including his or her membership of the Supervisory Board of Daimler AG) or on bodies of other companies with similar requirements outside of the group of his Board of Management membership. One member of the Supervisory Board is a member of the board of management of a listed company, but has not exceeded the maximum number of memberships.

In the case of Supervisory Board members who are not also members of the board of management of a listed company, the legal limit of membership of ten statutorily constituted supervisory boards applies, whereby chairmanship of a supervisory board counts double. In order to ensure that members of the Supervisory Board have sufficient time to fulfill their mandate, Supervisory Board members who are not also members of the board of management of a listed company shall in the future generally be permitted membership of a maximum of eight supervisory boards (including that of Daimler AG), whereby chairmanship of a supervisory board counts double. This maximum number was not exceeded by any member of the Supervisory Board during the reporting year.

Proposals by the Supervisory Board of candidates for election by the Shareholders' Meeting as Supervisory Board members representing the shareholders of Daimler AG, for which the Nomination Committee makes recommendations, shall in the future take into consideration not only the requirements of applicable law, the Articles of Incorporation and the German Corporate Governance Code, but also the aspects described above and aim at fulfilling the overall requirements profile for the Supervisory Board as a whole. On the basis of a target profile that takes into account specific qualification requirements and the above-mentioned criteria, the Nomination Committee creates a shortlist of available candidates with whom it conducts structured discussions in which it also determines whether the candidate in question will have sufficient time

available to perform his or her duties on the Supervisory Board with due care. The Nomination Committee then recommends a candidate to the Supervisory Board for its approval and includes an explanation of its recommendation. The foundation for Supervisory Board decisions regarding election proposals to the Shareholders' Meeting is always the Company's interests under consideration of all circumstances in each individual case.

Shareholders and the Shareholders' Meeting

The shareholders exercise their membership rights, in particular their information and voting rights, at the Shareholders' Meeting. Each share in Daimler AG entitles its owner to one vote. There are no multiple voting rights, preferred voting rights, or maximum voting rights at Daimler AG. Documents and information related to the Shareholders' Meeting can be found on our website at \bigoplus daimler.com/ir/am. The Shareholders' Meeting is generally held within four months of the end of a financial year. The Company facilitates the personal exercise of the shareholders' rights and proxy voting in a variety of ways, such as by appointing Company proxies who are strictly bound by the shareholders' voting instructions and who are available during the Shareholders' Meeting. Absentee voting is also possible. It is possible to authorize the Daimler-appointed proxies and give them voting instructions or to cast absentee votes by using the e-service for shareholders.

We maintain close contacts with our shareholders in the context of our comprehensive investor relations and public relations activities. We regularly and comprehensively inform our shareholders, financial analysts, shareholder associations, the media and the interested public about the situation of the Group and inform them without delay about any significant changes in its business. Within reasonable limits, the Chairman of the Supervisory Board is also prepared to talk to investors about specific Supervisory Board issues.

In addition to other methods of communication, we also make extensive use of the Company's website for our investor relations activities. All of the important information disclosed in 2017, including annual and interim reports, press releases, voting rights notifications from major shareholders, presentations, and audio recordings of analyst and investor events and conference calls, as well as the financial calendar, can be found at daimler.com/investors. All the dates of important disclosures such as annual reports and interim reports and the dates of the Shareholders' Meeting, the annual press conference and the analyst conferences are announced in advance in the financial calendar. The financial calendar can also be found inside the rear cover of this Annual Report.